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RECEIVED OFFICE OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY PROCUREMENT APPEALS
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Attorneys for the Government of Guam

IN THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY PROCUREMENT APPEAL

IN THE APPEAL OF:) DOCKET NO. OPA-PA-17-001)
CORE TECH INTERNATIONAL CORP., Appellant,) RESPONSE TO OPPOSITION'S) COMMENTS TO AGENCY REPORT)

I. INTRODUCTION

Public Law 32-120, the *MA KAHAT ACT* OF 2013 passed into law on February 10, 2013. *See*, P.L. 32-121, 120 attached as Exhibit C. Among other items the Act added a new chapter 58D to Title 5, Guam Code Annotated, relative to the renovation or construction of a new Simon Sanchez High School and related financing. Public Law 32-121, also known as the *MA KAHAT ACT* OF 2013 (the "Act"), added a new Chapter 58E to the Guam Procurement Law. *See*, P.L. 32-121. The Act authorized the government to issue a Request for Proposals for the renovation or construction of Simon Sanchez High School ("Simon Sanchez HS") and the development of a comprehensive capital improvement plan for prioritizing capital improvements to all Guam Department of Education ("GDOE") schools. *See*, Exhibit C at 1.

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Response to Opposition's Comments to Agency Report
In the Appeal of: Core Tech International
Office of Public Accountability Docket No. OPA-PA-17-001



On January 25, 2017, the Department of Public Works ("DPW") issued a Request for Proposals Project No. 730-5-1056-L-YIG Lease Financing for Design, Renovation, Rehabilitation, Construction and Maintenance for Public Schools (Beginning with Simon Sanchez High School) (the "RFP"). *See*, Exhibit A. The RFP, as authorized by the Act, contemplated that priority would be given to Simon Sanchez HS and the development of a comprehensive capital improvement plan. *Id*.

Core Tech filed a written protest on February 8, 2017, asserting two (2) claims. See, Exhibit B. Core Tech's first claim was that the First RFP fails to include cost as an evaluation factor. Its second claim was that the RFP fails to follow the requirements of 5 GCA 58E, which it claims requires a separate procurement for the remaining thirty-four (34) public schools. DPW issued its Agency Decision on March 2, 2017, acquiescing to Core Tech's first claim and denying its second claim. Core Tech appealed DPW's denial of the second claim as set forth in the Protest.

On March 16, 2017, Core Tech filed an appeal (the "Appeal") asserting two (2) claims. The first claim asserted that the First RFP did not include cost as an evaluation factor. This issue was made moot by DPW's March 31, 2017 Agency ("Agency Report") report in which it agreed to include pricing as an evaluation factor. Core Tech's second claim was that the First RFP did not follow the requirements of 5 GCA Chapter 58E, which it asserts requires DPW to issue a separate solicitation for the remaining thirty-four (34) public schools. DPW filed a Motion to Dismiss, Motion for Expedited Decision on March 31, 2017 ("Motion to Dismiss").

II. ARGUMENT

A. DPW STIPULATES NOT TO LIMIT THE CURRENT RFP TO SIMON SANCHEZ HS AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE CCIP

Core Tech argues that Chapter 58E *does not* authorize the procurement of insurance and maintenance services for the 34 schools. Emphasis in the original. CT Opposition, p. 1, l. 27-28. This issue however is moot. In its Agency Report DPW noted that its primary mandate was to be given to Simon Sanchez HS and development of the CCIP and as such agreed to limit the current RFP to "the Simon Sanchez HS Project and preparation of the CCIP." *See also*, Exhibit A, DPW Deputy Director Felix C. Benavente's April 17, 2017 Declaration, Section 4. Also, in principle the parties already stipulated to agreeable language in principle in their negotiations to agree to a Joint Stipulation and Order to Dismiss the Appeal. See, AAG Keeler Declaration, Section 3. DPW does not object to limiting the current RFP to Simon Sanchez HS and development of the CCIP.

B. ONLY THE SIMON SANCHEZ HS RFP IS ON APPEAL BEFORE THE OPA

Core Tech takes "issue with the fact that DPW did not comply with 5 GCA § 58E103,"

that it incorrectly asserts requires a Program Study before the Second RFP can issue for the work for services to be performed under Chapter 58E. DPW's position is that 5 GCA § Chapter 58 requires a second RFP that has yet to be drafted and that as such the issue is moot as to the First RFP that is the

subject of the Appeal. Deputy Director Benavente's Declaration, Section 5.

First, in acquiescing to limiting the current RFP to Simon Sanchez HS and development of the

CCIP the issue of when a second RFP will issue for Guam's remaining thirty-four (34) public schools

is moot. DPW has yet to begin drafting or preparing the RFP contemplated by Chapter 58E of Guam's

procurement code. Id. Accordingly DPW fails to understand the basis for Core Tech right to assert

what it should or shouldn't be based on. That the issue is not ripe is as much as acknowledged in Core

Tech's Comments that states:

"While it is possible the Program Study, which is a term that is not defined in Chapter58E, can be substituted with the CCIP, Core Tech cannot be certain that the CCIP

fulfills the purpose of the Program Study until the CCIP is completed."

CT Comments, p. 3, 1. 12-14.

If Core Tech doesn't know whether or not it will object to the CCIP, which has yet to be

prepared, why is it addressing such on Appeal?

Secondly, assuming arguendo that Core Tech has standing to claim what a future RFP is

required to be based on a program study which DPW denies, then a review of the legislative history

of P.L. 32-121 clearly reveals that P.L. 32-120's CCIP was intended in place of the Program Study.

Bill No. 225, which was passed into law as PL 32-120, was introduced as the same time as Bill

No. 226, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit C, and incorporated by reference. Bill No. 225

provided for the government to develop the CCIP. PL-32-120 and PL 32-121 both defined CCIP. See,

§§ 58D103(b) and 58E101(a). In contrast Bill No. 226 failed to define or mention CCIP. Instead

§58D101(h) defined "Programming Study" to mean that certain study commissioned by GDOE to

assist in prioritizing the work scope for the existing Educational Facilities. Bill No. 226 further

contained a number of draft provisions detailing specifics of DOE's Programming Study. See, Draft

Sections 58D103, 58D104 and 58D105 of Bill No. 226. The only reasonable conclusion in reading

PL 32-120, a law that omitted a definition for Programming Study and also omitted the Programing

12 32 120, a law that common a definition for Freguenium School and the Freguenium

Study details contained in Bill No. 226, is that the Guam Legislature intended the CCIP, a study to be

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Response to Opposition's Comments to Agency Report

prepared by design and construction specialists, to be prepared in lieu of Bill No. 226's Programming

Study.

In closing, Core Tech has appealed the current RFP that DPW has agreed to limit to the Simon

Sanchez HS Project and development of the CCIP. Accordingly, the issue of what should be contained

in the Second RFP contemplated by Chapter 58E is moot. In the event the OPA considers it appropriate

to address Core Tech's argument that a Program Study is required under PL 32-121, DPW contends a

reading of Bill No. 226 and the Legislative History clearly documents that the Guam Legislature

intended the CCIP to be prepared in lieu of DOE's Programming Study.

III. CONCLUSION

In closing, DPW's legislative mandate is to prioritize the Simon Sanchez HS Project and as

such it agrees to limit the RFP to the Simon Sanchez HS Project and preparation of the CCIP. Thus,

Core Tech's argument that the legislation requires such is moot. DPW's agreement to limit the scope

of the RFP under protest thus also moots the argument of what is needed for the second RFP, which

DPW has yet to prepare drafting. Assuming, however, that the OPA wishes to address the second RFP

contemplated by Chapter 58E, the legislative history, specifically Bill No. 226, clearly documents that

the CCIP was intended in lieu of DOE's Programming Study.

IV. RELIEF REQUESTED BY DPW

DPW respectfully request a ruling from the OPA as follows:

1. Core Tech's Appeal be dismissed;

2. For such other relief that the OPA may determine is just and proper.

Submitted this 17th day of April, 2017.

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Elizabeth Barrett-Anderson, Attorney General

By:

THOMAS P. KEELER

Assistant Attorney General

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EXHIBIT A

Declaration of Deputy Director Felix C. Benavente



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IN THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY PROCUREMENT APPEAL

IN THE APPEAL OF:) DOCKET NO. OPA-PA-17-001
CORE TECH INTERNATIONAL CORP., Appellant,)) DECLARATION OF) DEPUTY DIRECTOR) FELIX C. BENAVENTE

FELIX C. BENAVENTE makes this declaration under penalty of perjury under the laws of Guam and states:

- 1. I am employed by the Guam Department of Public Works ("DPW"), Government of Guam, as its Deputy Director.
- 2. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth herein, and if called upon to testify, I would and could competently testify thereto.

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3. I submit this Declaration to provide the Office of Public Accountancy ("OPA") additional

information concerning DPW's March 31, 2017 Motion to Dismiss, Motion for

Expedited Decision.

4. DPW has agreed to limit the RFP on appeal in the above captioned matter to Simon

Sanchez High School and development of a Comprehensive Capital Improvement Plan

("CCIP") only.

5. DPW has yet to begin to prepare or draft the RFP (the "Second RFP") contemplated for

Guam's remaining thirty-four (34) public schools contemplated by 5 GCA §58E.

6. DPW intends on issuing the Second RFP within thirty (30) days of completion of the

CCIP.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the aforementioned is true.

Submitted this 17th day of April, 2017.

By:

FELIX C. BENAVENTE

Deputy Director

Department of Public Works

EXHIBIT B

Declaration of Assistant Attorney General Thomas P. Keeler



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Attorneys for the Government of Guam

IN THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY PROCUREMENT APPEAL

IN THE APPEAL OF:) DOCKET NO. OPA-PA-17-001
CORE TECH INTERNATIONAL CORP., Appellant,	DECLARATION OF ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL THOMAS P. KEELER

THOMAS P. KEELER makes this declaration under penalty of perjury under the laws of Guam and states:

- 1. I am employed by the Guam Office of the Attorney General, as an Assistant Attorney General.
- 2. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth herein, and if called upon to testify, I would and could competently testify thereto.

- 3. I submit this Declaration to provide the Office of Public Accountancy ("OPA") additional information concerning the Department of Public Works ("DPW") March 31, 2017 Motion to Dismiss, Motion for Expedited Decision.
- 4. During the parties attempts to agree to a Joint Stipulation and Order to Dismiss the Appeal the parties, in principle, agreed to the following:
 - "1. DPW agrees to amend the Simon Sanchez RFP to limit the services solicited therein to services for the lease financing, design, renovation or demolition and construction together with insurance and maintenance over the lease-back period of a new Simon Sanchez High School and the development of a Comprehensive Capital Improvement Plan ("CCIP") only."
 - 2. DPW agrees to amend the Simon Sanchez RFP to delete all references and provisions relating to 5 GCA Chapter 58E, including but not limited to the insurance and maintenance of the other 34 Public schools.
- 5. The parties were not able to finalize a Joint Stipulation and Order to Dismiss as Core Tech required a sentence be added to the end of draft Section 1 to read as follows:
 - "The Simon Sanchez RFP will not solicit services for insurance and maintenance of the other 34 school public schools because it is not authorized under 5 GCA §58D."
- 6. DPW has yet to begin to prepare or draft the RFP contemplated for Guam's remaining 34 public schools contemplated by 5 GCA §58E.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the aforementioned is true.

Submitted this 17th day of April, 2017.

By:

THOMAS P. KEELER

Assistant Attorney General

EXHIBIT C

Bill No. 226-32

I MINA'TRENTAI DOS NA LIHESLATURAN GUÂHAN 2013 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 226-32 (wg)

Introduced by:

1

J. T. Won Pat, Ed.D. Aline A. Yamashita, Ph.D. Cuy Tina Rose Muña Barnes

AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 58D TO TITLE 5 GUAM CODE ANNOTATED RELATIVE TO THE FINANCE, DESIGN, RENOVATION, REHABILITATION, CONSTRUCTION OR MAINTENANCE OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. A new Chapter 58D is hereby added to Title 5 Guam Code

3 Annotated to read as follows:

4 "Chapter 58D The finance, design, renovation, rehabilitation, construction or maintenance of Public Schools.

6 § 58D100. Legislative Findings and Intent.

7 § 58D101. Definitions.

§ 58D102. Authorization to Enter into Long-Term Leases.

9 § 58D103. Programming Study

10 § 58D104. Identification of Projects and Procurement

§ 58D105. Responsibilities of Contractor.

§ 58D106. Contractual Safeguards.

§ 58D107. Assignments.

§ 58D108. Pledge of Revenues.

§ 58D109. Use of Tax-Exempt Bond and Other Financing Instruments

16 for Financing.

§ 58D110. Utilities, Maintenance and Repair.

§ 58D111. Severability.

§58D100. Legislative Findings and Intent. I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that Guam public schools facilities face deficiencies from roofing, exterior, interiors, structural, mechanical, electrical, plumbing, and school grounds which creates a non conducive environment that hinders learning and the work and production of teachers and students.

I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that the Guam Department of Education is about \$90 Million behind on maintenance projects for the island's public schools, according to a report commissioned by the Department of the Interior in 2012, and recently submitted to the Guam Department of Education in August 2013.

It is therefore the intent of *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* for the government of Guam to use one quarter of the Business Privilege Tax to pay for the interest payments of the lease and lease-back as a form of bridge financing until the maturity of the Business Privilege Tax bond series 2013C.

Further, it is the intent of *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* that moneys allocated to school maintenance and repair be spent most effectively to advance the mission of the Guam Department of Education, and it is the intent herein to allocate funding for and direct to the Guam Department of Education to commission a programming and curriculum study based on the current Final Condition Assessment Summary from U.S. Department of Interior (the "Condition Assessment") to generate a master plan and a prioritized list of the required work to deliver the most productive educational facilities based on near term and future needs using funds allocated by this legislation.

I Liheslatura finds that after reviewing the summary of outstanding General and Limited Obligation debts as of March 1, 2013 that the debt ceiling assess value is at One Billion One Hundred Thirty Nine Million Four Hundred Sixty Four Thousand Eight hundred Fifty Three Dollars (\$1,139,464,853). It also states that the General Obligation Debt is Four Hundred Forty Six Million Four Hundred Seventy Three Thousand Eight Hundred Fifty Three Dollars (\$446,473,853) and the Limited Obligation Debt is Six Hundred Sixty Three Million Eight Hundred Ninety Six Thousand Eight Hundred Three Dollars (\$663,896,803) with an accumulated total of One Billion One Hundred Ten Million Three Hundred Seventy Thousand Six Hundred Fifty Six Dollars (\$1,110,370,656). Subtracting the debt ceiling limit less the General and limited Obligation Debts leaves the amount for future debt obligation at Twenty Nine Million Ninety Four Thousand One Hundred Ninety Seven (\$29,094,197).

I Liheslatura further finds that the cost to fund the rehabilitation of the public Schools will certainly exceed the debt ceiling obligation if a General Obligation Bond is pursued. To circumvent Guam's debt ceiling cap, 1 Liheslatura finds that the construction of Okkodo High School, Astumbo Middle School, Liguan Elementary School, Adacao Elementary School, John F. Kennedy High School and the expansion of Okkodo High School has demonstrated the fundamental soundness of using municipal lease as a vehicle to build new educational facilities. By making the most of municipal leasing to rehabilitate and construct Guam public schools, the remaining future debt obligation may be used to fund other priorities of the government.

§58D101. Definitions. For purposes of this Chapter and *unless* otherwise specified, the following words and phrases are defined to mean:

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- "Contract" shall mean the design, renovation, rehabilitation, (a) construction, and financing contract entered into by and between the Education Agency and the Contractor chosen by the Guam Economic Development Agency and approved by I Liheslaturan Guåhan.
- "Contractor" shall mean the authorized entity which shall be (b) the signatory on the Contract and shall be fully responsible for carrying out the design, renovation, rehabilitation, construction, financing, or maintenance of the Education Facility. The Contractor may cooperate with another entity or entities in any manner the Contractor deems appropriate to provide for the financing, design, renovation, rehabilitation, construction or maintenance of the public school facilities envisioned by this Act.
- (c) "Education Agency" shall mean the Guam Department of Education.
- "Education Facility" as used in this Act shall mean public (d) elementary and secondary schools on Guam to include its athletic fields and playgrounds, excluding the five leased schools under the Education Agency.
- "Lease" shall mean a lease from an Education Agency to the Contractor entered into at the time of the Contract for the Property.
- "Lease-Back" shall mean the lease from the Contractor to (f) the Education Agency of the rehabilitated, renovated or newly constructed Education Facility.
- "Lease-Back Period" shall mean the term of the lease from (g) the Contractor to the Education Agency.

(h) "Programming Study" shall mean that certain study commissioned by GDOE to assist it in prioritizing the work scope for the existing Education Facilities base on the department's mission and Curriculum.

(i) "Property" shall mean any property on which an Education Facility is located.

§58D102. Authorization to Enter into Long-term Leases. For the purpose of facilitating the financing, design, construction and rehabilitation and maintenance of an Education Facility encompassed by this Act, the government of Guam or an Education Agency, as the case may be, is authorized to lease, if required, to the Contractor sufficient government of Guam real property on which to rehabilitate an Education Facility; provided, such property is in the inventory of the Education Agency or the government of Guam. The property may be the site of an existing Education Facility under the control of an Education Agency, which existing facility may be rehabilitated under the provisions of this Act.

The Education Agency is also authorized to lease back from the Contractor the property for a period mutually agreed upon between the Education Agency and the Contractor as may be reasonably necessary to amortize over the Lease-Back Period the costs associated with the design, renovation, rehabilitation, construction or maintenance of the Education Facility. In no event shall the end of such Lease-Back Period be later than the date Thirty (30) years from the scheduled date of completion of the Education Facility. The Lease-Back may be structured as an annually renewable lease with provision for automatic renewals to the extent that pledged revenue under

Section 58D109 is available. The Lease-Back shall not be construed as a debt under any applicable debt limitation under the Guam Organic Act or Guam law.

§58D103. Programming Study. Under the Superintendent of Education's direction, the Education agency shall develop and prepare a Programming Study that shall be completed no later than September 1, 2014. If necessary, the Superintendent of Education may hire consultant(s) to conduct the Programming Study. The study shall consider the Final Condition Assessment dated August 2013 by the Department of Interior in terms of identified issues with facilities, and study the broader Education systems needs and priorities taking into account:

- 1) desired curriculum and programs offered or to be offered in addition to basic education, such as S.T.E.M. (science, technology engineering and math) facilities, vocational training, etc;
- 2) population densities, student count and population projections relative to location of existing facilities;
- transportation, traffic and bussing logistics and associated costs;
 and
- 4) estimated cost of repair based on the Condition Assessment.

The Programming Study will provide the Education Agency a master plan for the highest and best use of the existing facilities given the educational priorities. Based on this master plan, the study will then provide a list in order of priority for repairs improvements detailed in the Condition Assessment, based on the master plan for the school system. Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000) shall be allocated to conduct the Programming Study, and any monies unexpended shall be spent on school repairs and maintenance as provided herein. The scope of the

study shall not include work already completed in the Condition Assessment, but shall rely on the findings of the Condition Assessment to develop the master plan and list of priorities.

§58D104. Programming Study Appropriation. The sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000) is hereby is appropriated from the "Business Privilege Tax" (namely, 11 GCA Chapter 25, excluding the alcoholic beverage taxes, liquid fuel taxes, automotive surcharges, tobacco taxes and real property taxes) The Business Privilege Tax pledged or reserved shall only apply to the unpledged portion of the business privilege tax (currently one percentage point of the current four percent Business Privilege Tax rate) so as not to violate the government's covenants to bondholders of the Series A, Series B and Series C Limited Obligation bonds authorized through Public Law 31-76, Public Law 31-196 and Public Law 31-276. The sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000) will be used in fiscal year 2014 to fund the Programming Study.

§58D105. Identification of Projects and Procurement. Under the Superintendent of Education's direction, the Education Agency shall utilize the Program Study and the report generated by the Department of Interior (DOI)-funded assessment report by the Army Corps of Engineers to identify and prioritize potential projects to be completed. The list of projects shall be included in a Request for Proposals developed by the Education Agency. Upon receipt of the Program Study than the Superintendent of Education shall solicit Requests for Proposals ('RFP') through the Department of Public Works, in compliance with the Guam Procurement Law, for the financing, design, Construct and Rehabilitate of the Education Facility, according to the needs of the Education Agency and consistent with this Chapter. The choice of the Contractor shall be made by a selection committee comprised of the

Superintendent of the Department of Education serving as Chairman and including the Director of the Department of Public Works or Deputy Director, the Director of the Department of Land Management or Deputy Director, the Administrator of Guam EPA or Deputy Administrator, and the Administrator of the Guam Economic Development Authority or Deputy Administrator. The committee shall access the prior performance of the Contractor on similar projects and shall be free to disqualify any Contractor that does not have a successful record of project completion on Guam.

The selection of a Contractor shall be based upon the proposal that delivers the best value for Guam in meeting the objectives of the Education Agency.

The RFP shall be issued within thirty (30) days after the receipt of the "Program Study" for the design, renovation, rehabilitation, construction or maintenance of the Education Facility.

\$58D106. Responsibilities of Developer / Contractor. The Contract shall require that the Contractor be responsible for all costs, expenses and fees of any kind or nature, associated with the rehabilitation, design, civil improvements, on-site and off-site infrastructure, construction, permits, and financing associated with the completion of an Education Facility, including the financing of furniture and equipment for the Education Facility, as and to the extent provided by the Education Agency in the Request for Proposals. The Lease-Back may provide that if sufficient funds are not appropriated or otherwise available for the payment of amounts due under the lease, the Education Agency will have the obligation to vacate the Education Facility, and the Contractor shall have the right of use and occupancy of the Education Facility for the remainder of the term of the Lease, unless new mutually

satisfactory terms are entered into. For this purpose, the Lease may provide that its term *shall* be extended for a period *not to exceed* the shorter of ten (10) years beyond the original term of the Lease-Back or such period of time as is necessary to repay in full any financing arranged pursuant to Section 58D110 of this Chapter. The capital maintenance costs *shall* be paid by the Education Agency.

§58D107. Contractual Safeguards. Prior to undertaking the work of rehabilitating educational facilities, the Guam Economic Development Authority, The Department of Public Works, Guam Department of Education and the Developer or Contractor shall negotiate and enter into a binding construction contract to build or refurbish the educational facility in accordance with Guam Building Code, (21 G.C.A. Ch. 67) and any other applicable requirements. The Construction contract shall contain contractual obligations typically found in Government of Guam construction contracts, including but not limited to:

1. Warranties;

- 2. Liquidated damages;
- 3. Performance and payment bonds;
- 4. Indemnity;
- 5. Insurance;
- 6. Standard Specifications;
- 7. Technical Specifications;
- 8. Progress Schedule;
- 9. Maintenance;
- 10. Compliance with Guam Labor Regulations;

- 11. Compliance with Guam Prevailing Wage Rates for Employment of Temporary Alien Workers (H2) on Guam;
- 12. Compliance with Public Law 29-98: Restriction Against Contractors Employing Convicted Sex Offenders to Work at Government of Guam Venues.

The contract must be submitted for review and approval to all entities charged by law with the duty to review and approve government contracts, including the Office of the Attorney General.

§ 58D108. Assignments. To facilitate the purpose of this Act and provide security for the holders of any financing instruments issued pursuant to this Act, the Contractor may assign, without the need of the consent of the Education Agency, the Contract, the Lease and Lease-Back to any underwriter, trustee or other party as appropriate to facilitate the Contractor financing.

§58D109. Pledge of Revenues. (a) Rental payments under the Lease and the Lease-Back may be secured by a pledge or other reservation of revenues collected by the government of Guam from the following:

(1) Taxes collected under the "Business Privilege Tax Law" (namely, 11 GCA Chapter 25, excluding the alcoholic beverage taxes, liquid fuel taxes, automotive surcharges, tobacco taxes and real property taxes) The Business Privilege Tax pledged or reserved shall only apply to the unpledged portion of the business privilege tax (currently one percentage point of the current four percent Business Privilege Tax rate) so as not to violate the government's covenants to bondholders of the Series A, Series B and Series C Limited Obligation bonds authorized through Public Law 31-76, Public Law 31-196 and Public Law 31-276. The sum of approximately One Million Eight Hundred Eighty-Two Thousand and Eighty-Two Dollars (\$1,882,082) shall

fund interest in fiscal year 2015, and the sum of approximately Two Million Five Hundred Sixty Four Thousand One Hundred Sixty-Five Dollars (\$2,564,165) shall fund interest payment annually for fiscal years 2016 through 2018.

- (\$1,200,000) from the revenues received pursuant to \$22425 (q)(5) of Article 4, Chapter 22 Division 2, Title 5, Guam Code Annotated will be available annually beginning in fiscal year 2016; and
- (3) The sum of Four Million Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$4,800,000) from the maturity of Business Privilege Tax bond series 2013C shall be available annually beginning in fiscal year 2019.
- (b) Revenues pledged or reserved shall be remitted in the following manner:
- (1) The Business Privilege Tax shall only pay for the interest payments of the Lease and the Lease-Back pending the maturity of the Business Privilege Tax bond series 2013C in Fiscal Year 2019 and said interest payments shall ceased.
- (2) Revenues received pursuant to §22425 (q)(5) of Article 4, Chapter 22 Division 2, Title 5, Guam Code upon availability; and
- (3) Upon the maturity of the Business Privilege Tax bond series 2013C.

Any amounts pledged as provided in this Section are hereby continuously appropriated for the purpose of making Lease-Back payments, but any amounts only reserved as provided in this Section, and not pledged, shall be subject to annual appropriation for the purpose of making Lease-Back payments. The revenues pledged or reserved and thereafter received by the government of

Guam or by any trustee, depository or custodian shall be deposited in a separate account and shall be immediately subject to such reservation or the lien of such pledge without any physical delivery thereof or further act, and such reservation or the lien of such pledge shall be valid and binding against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract or otherwise against the government of Guam or such trustee, depository or custodian, irrespective of whether the parties have notice thereof. The instrument by which such pledge or reservation is created need not be recorded.

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§ 58D110. Use of Tax-Exempt Bond, Taxable Bond and Other Financing Instruments for Financing. To minimize the financing cost to the Education Agency, financing utilized by the Contractor to fund the design, renovation, rehabilitation, construction or maintenance of an Education Facility shall be through tax-exempt obligations, Taxable Bond Obligation or other financial instruments provided such financing is available at interest rates determined by the Education Agency to be reasonable and competitive. Alternatively, the Contractor may use an alternative method of financing, including, but not limited to, a short term debt, mortgage, loan, federally guaranteed loan or loan by an instrumentality of the United States of America if such financing will better serve the needs of the people of Guam. Such alternative financing shall be approved by I Liheslaturan Guåhan. The purpose for the requirements of this Section is to assure the Education Agency pays the lowest possible interest rate so that the cost to the Education Agency of financing the design and construction of an Education Facility, amortized through the Lease-Back payments from the Education Agency to the Contractor, will be lower than regular commercial rates.

§58D111. Utilities, Maintenance and Repair. The Education Agency

shall be responsible for the connection and payment of all utilities, including without limitation, power, water, sewer, telephone and cable, and all maintenance and repair and exterior grounds keeping and landscaping and upkeep of the Education Facility.

§58C112. Severability. If any provision of this Act or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this Act which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable."