		RECEIVED OFFICE OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY	
1	FISHER & ASSOCIATES	DATE. WILL WOO	
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5	BEFOR	BEFORE THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY	
6		HAGÅTÑA, GUAM	
7	IN THE APPEAL OF K SERVICES	CLEANING) OPA-PA-13-004	
8))	
9	APPELLA	ANT)	
10	IN THE APPEAL OF AE)) ODA DA 12 007	
11	INDUSTRIES OF	OPA-PA-13-007	
12	THE PACIFIC) MOTION TO DISMISS	
13	APPELLA	NT)	
14			
15	COMES NOW the Guam International Airport Authority, by and through Counsel Fisher &		
16	Associates, and Moves the Office of the Public Auditor to dismiss the instant Appeal of Able		
17	Industries of the Pacific, OPA-PA-13-007.		
18	*** STATEMENT OF FACT ***		
19	Appellant asserts the following facts to be true;		
20	1. That Appell	lant met with the Agency on 18 March 2013 and asked that it be	
21	awarded a contract pursuant to its status and 5 Guam Code Ann. §3001.1. Id.		
22	2. That on 29 l	March 2013 Appellant was sent a letter from the Agency informing it	
23	that the Agency would continue with competitive sealed bidding. Id at 2.		
24	3. That it subm	nitted a bid but did not include a required bid bond. Based on this	
25	omission, pu	arsuant to the language of the solicitation, the bid was rejected. See Id	
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at attachment C.

- 4. That it was notified of this on 03 May 2013. *Id.*
- 5. On 23 May 2013, it wrote a letter to the Agency requesting clarification. *Id at p.* 2.
- 6. Also on 23 May 2013, Appellant sent a letter to the Agency requesting assistance in appealing the award.

The Agency received and opened bids in this matter on 29 March 2013. Appellant learned of the facts constituting the basis of its appeal (it participated in the competitive sealed bidding process) no later than 29 March 2013. Appellant made no protest to the Agency for 53 days¹.

*** MEMORANDUM***

Appellant notes that "[t]he Public Auditor shall have the power to review and determine de novo any matter properly submitted to her or him." *Appeal at p.1*. This is certainly true, but the matter must be properly before the Public Auditor.

Protests to an Agency must be made within the statutorily allowed period. "Any actual or prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor who may be aggrieved in connection with the method of source selection, solicitation or award of a contract, may protest to the Chief Procurement Officer, the Director of Public Works or the head of a purchasing agency. The protest shall be submitted in writing within fourteen (14) days after such aggrieved person knows or should know of the facts giving rise thereto." 5 Guam Code Ann. §5425(a). Here, Appellant admits he knew of the Agency's intent and its employment of the competitive bid process on or about 29 March 2013. Appeal at p. 2. Having participated in the competitive process, certainly he cannot be heard to say he didn't know of it.

¹ In fact, the Appellant never made a protest to the Agency. We accept its 23 May 2013 letters as protests only for purposes of the motion.

It was only 53 days later that Appellant took action. ("On May 23, 2013, I submitted a request to Charles Ada, requesting clarification on the policy for awarding contracts to nonprofits." Id)2. This is not a "should have known" circumstance, rather Appellant had actual knowledge of its grievance but did nothing until 30 days past its deadline³.

A timely Agency protest is an indispensable prerequisite to OPA jurisdiction. The Office of the Public Auditor hears appeals of agency protest decisions and is not a forum of first resort. Thus, without a timely agency protest, there can be no appeal. See In the Appeal of Townhouse Department Stores, OPA-PA-08-011, p. 6, "The threshold issue in this matter is whether IBSS' December 4th, 2007, protest was timely." Here, as is evident, and assuming Appellant submitted a protest, it was not timely, the appeal cannot be properly before the OPA and this appeal should be dismissed.

FISHER & ASSOCIATES

Thomas J. Fisher, Esq.

For Guam International Airport

Authority

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² Again, Agency does not concede that this amounted to a protest. It is merely the next act by Appellant.

³ If we assume the 29 March letter was an Agency decision on an earlier protest (the 18 March letter), then Appellant was required to appeal to the Public Auditor by 15 April. He did not, and this Appeal is certainly time barred under that theory. If Appellant wants to change its theory of injury to improper rejection because a bid bond was not required of it, its protest was still untimely. Under this theory a protest was due by 17 May 2013.