INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND ON COMPLIANCE

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Directors Port Authority of Guam:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Port Authority of Guam (the Authority), a component unit of the Government of Guam, which comprise the statement of net position as of September 30, 2015, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and of cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 29, 2016

Delvitte & Touche LLP



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Board of Directors Port Authority of Guam:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Port Authority of Guam's (the Authority's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB A-133

We have audited the financial statements of Port Authority of Guam as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2016, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

January 29, 2016

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2015

CFDA#	Agency/Program		Federal Expenditures
	U.S. Department of Agriculture Direct Program:		
10.Unknown	Rural Development Loan Guarantee: FY11	\$	2,673,302
10.Unknown	Rural Development Loan Guarantee: FY13		10,524,501
10.Unknown	Rural Development Loan Guarantee: FY15	-	1,958,020 *
	U.S. Department of Agriculture Total	-	15,155,823
12.607	U.S. Department of Defense Pass through Government of Guam Office of the Governor: Community Economic Adjustment Assistance for Establishment, Expansion, Realignment, or Closure of a Military Installation	_	(346)
	U.S. Department of Defense Total		(346)
15.622 15.875	U.S. Department of the Interior Pass through Government of Guam Department of Administration: Sportfishing and Boating Safety Act Economic, Social and Political Development of the Territories: Port Modernization Plan	_	22,238 939,484
	U.S. Department of the Interior Total		961,722
20.Unknown	U.S. Department of Transportation Direct Program: Port of Guam Improvement Enterprise Program Port Master Plan Update 2007	-	48,227,305 *
20.600	State and Community Highway Safety Cluster: State and Community Highway Safety	_	10,768
	U.S. Department of Transportation Total	-	48,238,073
27.000	U.S. Department of Homeland Security Direct Programs:		10.470
97.026	Emergency Management Institute Training Assistance		19,470
97.036	Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)		19,187
97.056	Port Security Grant Program		2,335,253_*
0.1000	U.S. Department of Homeland Security Total	-	2,373,910
	Total Federal Awards	\$	66,729,182

^{*} Denotes a major program.

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2015

(1) Scope of Audit

The Port Authority of Guam (the Authority) is a component unit of the Government of Guam created by Public Law 13-87 as an autonomous agency of the Government of Guam. Only the transactions of the Authority are included within the scope of the OMB Circular A-133 audit (the "Single Audit").

Programs Subject to Single Audit

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents each Federal program related to the following agencies:

- U.S. Department of Agriculture
- U.S. Department of Defense
- U.S. Department of Homeland Security
- U.S. Department of the Interior
- U.S. Department of Transportation

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Authority and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, consistent with the manner in which the Authority maintains its accounting records. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. All expenses, capital outlays and loan proceeds are reported as expenditures.

The Authority recognizes contributions from the federal government when qualifying expenditures are incurred.

(3) Noncash Awards

Pursuant to the Merchant Marine Act of 1936 and P.L. 110-417 Section 3512, the Port Authority of Guam entered into a Memorandum of Agreement with the Maritime Administration, as the lead federal agency to implement and administer the Port of Guam Improvement Enterprise Program in accordance with the Port Master Plan Update 2007. \$50M in funds to support the Program were transferred from the U.S. Department of Defense to the U.S. Department of Transportation. Projects involved the facilitation of the modernization, expansion and transformation of the Jose D. Leon Guerrero Commercial Port. A dashboard project expenditure summary was turned over to the Authority in fiscal year 2015, which was used as the basis for recording the \$48.2M in noncash awards. The Authority is expecting to receive the close-out documents from MARAD and changes in amounts utilized, if any, will be accounted for prospectively in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2015

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Finan	cial	State	ements
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 Tvp. 	pe of auditors'	report issued:	Unmodified	
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Internal control over financial reporting:

2. Material weakness(es) identified?

3. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

4. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

5. Material weakness(es) identified?

6. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

7. Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

8. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?

9. Identification of major federal programs:

CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program

10.Unknown Rural Development Loan Guarantee

20.Unknown Port of Guam Improvement Enterprise Program

97.056 Port Security Grant Program

10. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B

Programs: \$300,000

11. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2015

Findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

No matters were reported.

Findings and questioned costs – Major Federal Award Programs Audit

No matters were reported.